

FAAM facility for airborne atmospheric measurements

FLIGHT FOLDER



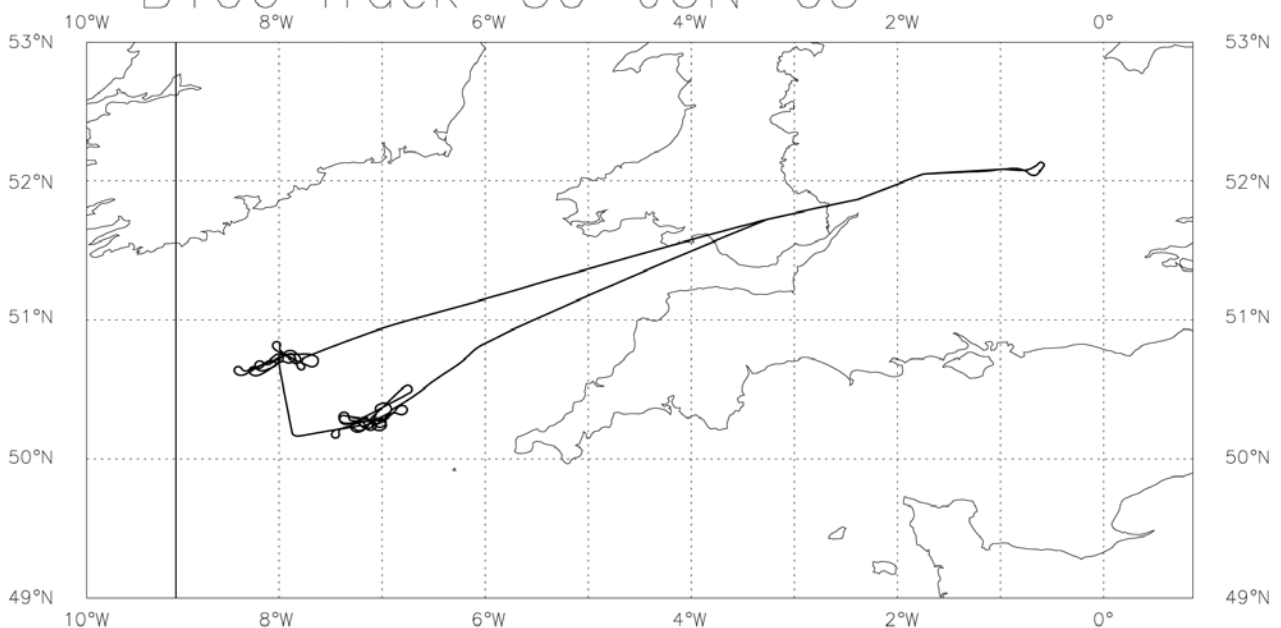
Flight No.: B106
Date: 30 Jun 2005
Take Off: 10:51:25
Landing: 15:22:54
Flight Time: 4h31m29

Campaign: ICEPIC
Trials Instructions:
Operating Area: SW approaches

POB	Position	Name	Institute
1	Captain	Alan Roberts	Directflight
2	Co-pilot	Ian Ramsey-Rae	Directflight
3	CCM	Sue Angold	Directflight
4	Mission Scientist 1	Jonathan Smith	Leeds
5	Flight Manager	Stephen Devereau	FAAM
6	Cloud Physics/CCM2	Jamie Trembath	FAAM
7	CVI/CCN	Stuart Heath	FAAM
8	ADA / CPI	Martin Gallagher	Manchester University
9	Mission Scientist 2	Richard Cotton	Met Office
10	AMS / CCN training	Hugh Coe	Manchester University
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			

Flight Track:

B106 Track 30-JUN-05



FLIGHT SUMMARY

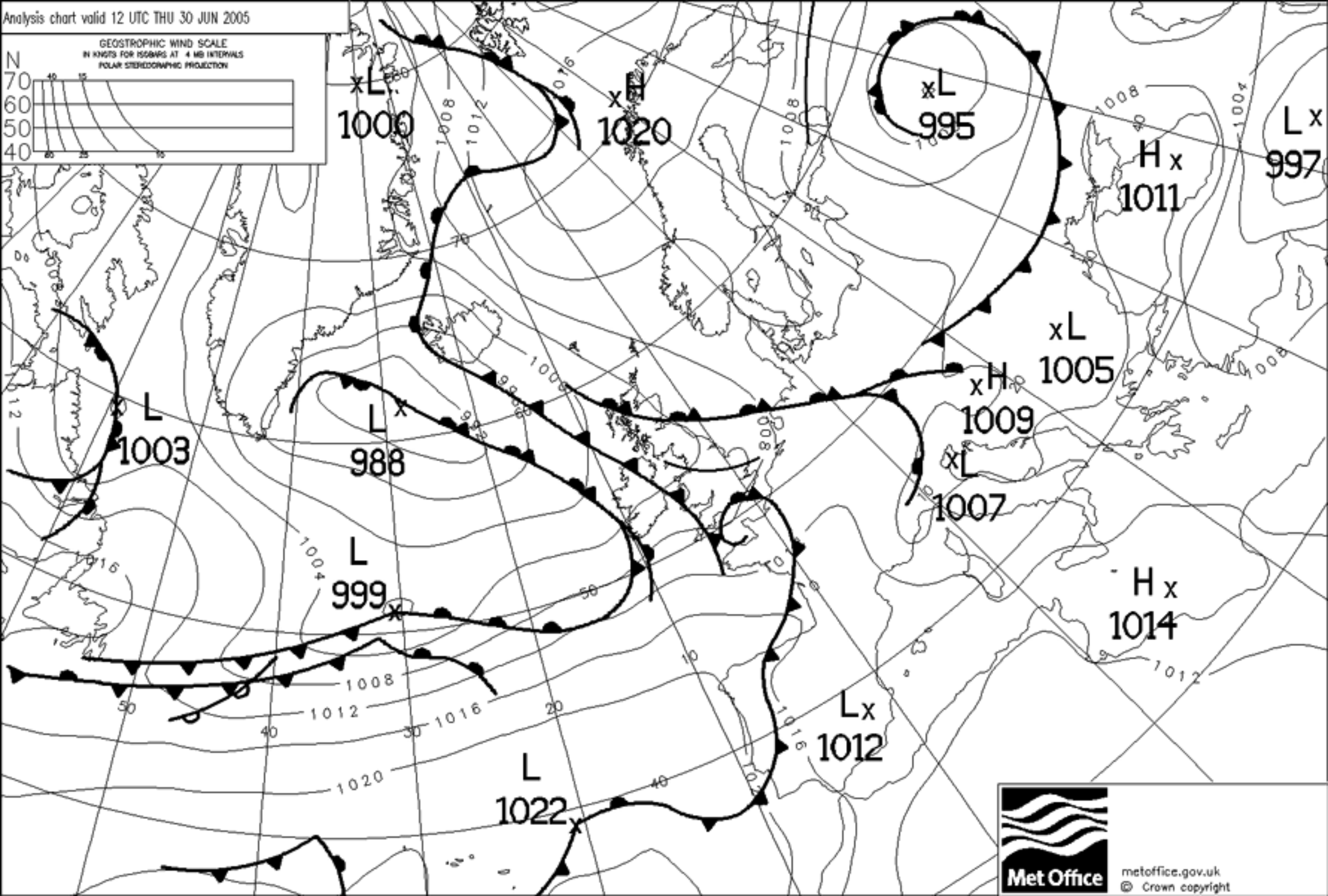
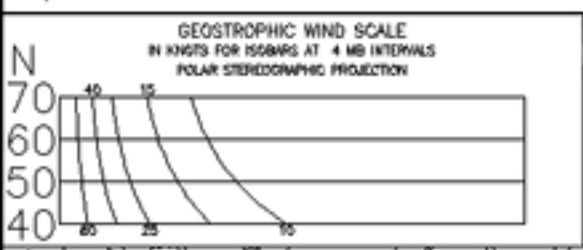
Flight No B106

Date: 30th June 2005

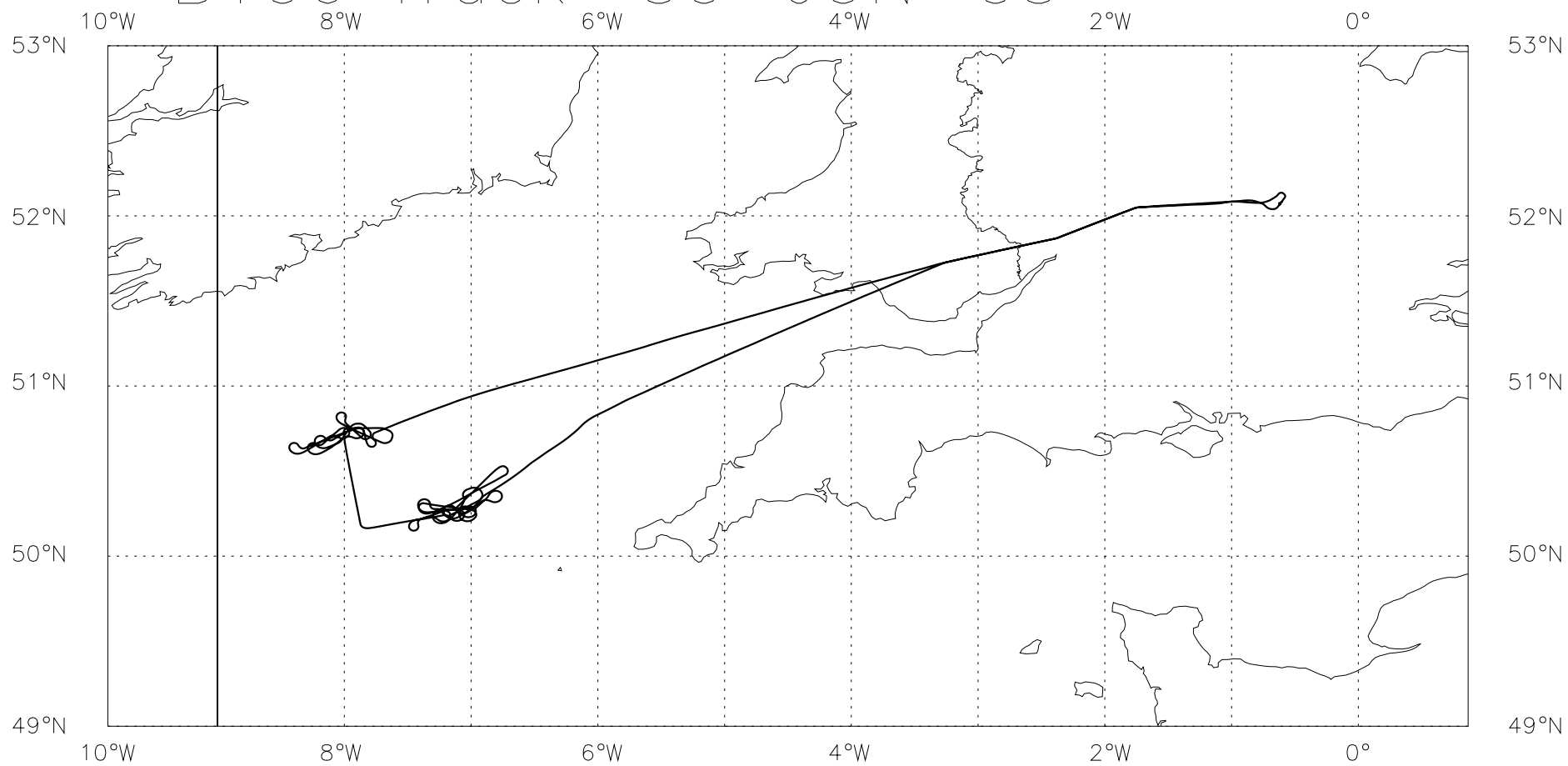
Project: ICEPIC

Location: SW Approaches

Start Time	End Time	Event	Height (s)	Hdg	Comments
----	----	-----	-----	---	-----
103115		INU to Nav			
105125		T/O	5.0 kft	268	
110431		J/W zeroed	9.8 kft	245	
112725		Fwd camera iced	18.0 kft	250	
113259		Fwd camera clear	18.0 kft	248	
114215	120504	Profile 1	18.0 - 5.4 kft	248	
115544		interrupt P1	5.4 kft	247	
120400	120932	Run 1.1	5.3 kft	247	
121255	121452	Run 1.2	7.3 kft	054	
121823	121952	Run 1.3	7.9 kft	230	
122305	122446	Run 1.4	8.2 - 8.1 kft	052	
122738	122946	Run 1.5	8.3 kft	253	
123321	123519	Run 1.6	8.4 kft	060	
123832	124013	Run 1.7	8.8 kft	316	
124314	124522	Run 1.8	8.8 kft	124	
130409	130524	Run 2.1	8.9 kft	077	
130850	131018	Run 2.2	8.9 - 9.0 kft	249	
131320	131501	Run 2.3	9.2 kft	078	
131757	131939	Run 2.4	9.5 kft	273	
132305	132434	Run 2.5	9.7 kft	084	
132738	132912	Run 2.6	9.9 kft	253	
133250	133439	Run 2.7	10.0 kft	035	
133742	133903	Run 2.8	10.0 kft	240	
134241	134419	Run 2.9	10.2 - 10.3 kft	048	
134800	134858	Run 2.10	9.8 kft	226	
135520	141831	Profile 2	11.0 - 0.50 kft	278	
135734		interrupt P2	9.0 kft	279	
135933		recommence P2	9.0 kft	063	
140519		interrupt P2	4.4 kft	052	
140845		recommence P2	4.3 kft	225	
141306		interrupt P2	2.1 kft	226	
141501		recommence P2	2.2 kft	039	
141842	142629	Run 3	0.58 - 0.61 kft	050	
142820	143622	Run 4	1.6 kft	057	
152254		Land	0.55 kft	356	



B106 Track 30-JUN-05



PROJECT BRIEF: ICEPIC – development of ice and precipitation in cumulus clouds.

Scientific Aims: The goal of ICEPIC is to understand and quantify the formation and growth of ice particles in cumulus clouds. We wish to examine:

- the formation of the first ice due to primary nucleation on ice nuclei (IN)
- the development of ice via secondary processes such as the Hallett-Mossop process, in which new ice particles are generated during the riming growth of ice particles
- other secondary ice production processes, such as evaporative break-up;
- the production of supercooled raindrops and their role in the glaciation process
- the dependence of these processes on the dynamics of the cloud
- the production of precipitation

As a first priority, in-situ aerosol and microphysical measurements from the aircraft will be gathered in close coordination with the CAMRa radar at Chilbolton, Hants. Measurements will be made in cumulus clouds when their tops are about 0°C through to when the tops have grown to about -20°C. The radar may identify columns of supercooled raindrops within the growing cumulus clouds that can be investigated more intensively by the aircraft.

Weather conditions: Developing showers that are forecast to have tops up to about -15°C within range of the Chilbolton radar. It may be preferable to fly to an alternative region away from the radar if conditions are more suitable.

Safety: Regions that paint RED on the aircraft weather radar should be avoided. No flight into clouds known to be producing lightning. Information on current location of lightning (sferics) can be provided by FAAM using the NAMIS system. Several aircraft will be operating in the boundary layer at the same time as part of CSIP: UFAM Cessna - entire project; German DO-128 - 20 June to 17 July; NERC DO-228 - August. (The BAS Twin Otter may also participate in CSIP.)

Key instruments and their operation

Basic meteorology

- Rosemount temperatures, GE hygrometer
- FWVS
- GPS (including cruciform), INU, turbulence probe When in supercooled liquid water, Flight Manager or PIs should monitor turbulence probe calibrated differential pressures for signs of icing (cessation of variability on signal).

Cloud Physics/Aerosol

- FFSSP, 2DC, 2DP (or CIP-100), PCASP, SID-1 (and *SID-2*). Normal monitoring to ensure correct operation. Operator should note particular features of interest eg. high concentrations, pristine ice crystal habits, large drops ($d > 100 \mu\text{m}$) in 2D imagery above freezing level.
- (ADA)/CPI as above
- CCN measurements should be made by filling the alleviator (2min reqd.) whilst in clear air either below, between or upwind of the cloud layer(s) of interest.
- *Ice Nucleus counter (INC) will normally be operated in clear air and under fixed conditions of temperature and supersaturation so as to maintain it in a stable condition. Allow additional time between runs for the operator to adjust it to different conditions.*
- J-W LWC and Nevzorov LWC/TWC. When straight/level and in clear air, these should be zeroed/calibrated and a note made in the Flight Managers log.
- TWC - profile ascents/descents should avoid cloud if possible
- AMS - min 2mins (~12km) reqd for size-resolved composition distribution.
- CVI - below cloud base, normal operation is in aerosol mode

- above cloud base, normal operation is in CVI mode to sample cloud particle residues into the AMS.

SORTIE BRIEF: ICEPIC ICE and Precipitation Initiation in Cumulus clouds

Flight Number: B106

Date: 30th June 2005

Mission Scientist: Jonathan Smith

Sortie Aims: To measure development of microphysics and dynamics in cumulus cloud systems.

Location: Amongst developing cumulus clouds within 1-5 hours transit of Cranfield. Areas Alpha and Echo, with preference be to west of Chilbolton radar facility (to be within radar range).

Sortie Summary:

1. Characterise inflow atmosphere around and below developing cumulus – *where not done by CSIP*
2. Penetrate cumulus clouds, preferably near the top of growing turrets, through the updraught. All cloud penetrations should be *with wings level*. Three principal options are for:
 - A well-defined isolated clouds
 - B many clouds (RICO scenario)
 - C organised convection on a convergence line or a gust front.

Meteorological information will be given from the CSIP Operations Centre at Chilbolton before flight and in-flight (using VHF radio, new frequency is 130.575 MHz, call-sign remains “Radsearch”).

Sortie Detail

1. Out-of-Cloud: only where not done by CSIP

- 1.1. Take off and climb for transit to the operating area. Locate suitable growing cumulus. 40+ min
- 1.2. *Optional profile descent in clear air, 1000 ft/min, FL200 to 500 ft agl. If necessary step profile to stay in area. (Not required at Chilbolton) Set altitudes and directions for later[†].* 25 min
- 1.3. Run at 500 ft agl, minimum length 50 km along suitable azimuth (across line or front for Option C) to sample inflow aerosols & IN. May require initial delay to settle instruments. 10 min
- 1.4. Ascend to 500 ft below cloud base and carry out 50 km run on suitable azimuth to sample inflow aerosols & IN. May require delay after ascent to settle instruments. 15 min

2. Cloud Work Options

Option A: Isolated *developing* clouds – ascend with clouds, near their top

- A.1. Proceed to about 0° C altitude[†], or below max cloud top if lower 5 min
- A.2. Adjust altitude to 500 ft below cloud top and penetrate cloud. The penetration should be made at a constant azimuth and altitude. It is important to penetrate the growing turret, updraught, region. Once clear of cloud, continue run for 10 s then procedure turn to return to same region of cloud as quickly as possible. 5 min
- A.3. As time permits, repeat A.2, ascending with the top (if appropriate) until T = -20° C[†].
{ Vertical separation of repeats set to match growth of cloud } 45 min

Option B: Many *developing* cumulus clouds – sample many clouds

- B.1. Proceed to 0° C altitude[†], or max cloud top if lower 5 min
- B.2. Commence 10 min run in along shear direction[†]. Adjust track to randomly sample growing turret / updraught regions of cloud but without passing through RED radar echoes (reflectivities of 37 dBZ or greater). End run clear of cloud. 10 min
- B.3. As time permits, repeat an ascent by -3° C[†] (*approximately* 1500 ft) followed by a run as in B.2 until the lowest of -15° C[†] or max cloud top is reached. (-3, -6, -9, -12, -15° C[†]) 75 min

Option C: Clouds with linear organization (eg. along a convergence line or gust front).

- C.1. Proceed to 0° C[†], or max cloud top if lower 5 min
- C.2. Fly leg perpendicular to line, length as required. Adjust track to penetrate cloud tops or cell centres. End run clear of cloud. 2 min
- C.3. As time permits, repeat a 180° turn and ascent followed by C.2. Ascent either; as A to 500 ft below cloud tops until -20° C[†] reached, or as B at fixed temperature levels. 30+ min

3. Repeat If time permits, for new developing cumulus carry out Option A, B or C.

Transit return at any suitable altitude.

40+ min

Mission Scientist's De-brief

Flight no. :- B106

Date :- 30th June 2005

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Draft Summary for ICEPIC flight

- Two growing cumulus clouds were measured as they passed through 0°C, but neither ascended beyond -4°C.
- No ice particles were seen, just water droplets – some large.
- Turrets appeared to be in two parts, or have a hole in the middle.
- No ice cloud above for either cloud, though a layer of As adjoined the first cloud.
- A good “Option A” track pattern for the runs on the second cloud.

1. Assessment of the flight

A good set of runs through the second cumulus cloud, with three turrets growing above the freezing level (and above a layer of stratocumulus spreading out around the turrets). The cloud was isolated, no other clouds adjacent or above. Initial measurements were on the strongest, middle, turret at 8,900 ft at 50.2° N, 7.5° W. It took between 24 and 30 seconds to transit the turret. This turret was followed as it grew up to 9,200 ft when attention then swapped to the northerly turret. This showed a small patch of red echo on the weather radar. There may have been two parts to this second turret, transit time was about 18 seconds. Drops up to 3 mm in size were seen by the 2D. It grew as the other turrets decayed, eventually reaching 10,200 ft before decaying back as had the other two turrets. Profile 2 immediately after showed a small inversion at this level, and a mainly dry atmosphere (most moisture near the surface). The cloud may have stopped growing as buoyancy was lost as the drier external air was entrained in, or maybe the spreading Sc around the turrets shaded the sea surface from the sun and cut off surface heating.



Figure 1 Second turret of second cloud, Run2.6

Measurement of boundary layer properties was recommenced immediately after the second cloud stopped growing. Profile 2 started 1,000 ft above the cloud maximum and was interrupted to come back under cloud 2. The 500 ft agl and 500 ft below cloud base runs were then taken while leaving the area. Only at the very end of the last run (R4) did the character of the atmosphere change – fewer and smaller boundary layer Cu and higher Ci encroaching from the east.

Mission Scientist's De-brief

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The first Cu was measured soon after identifying the area as one with no Ci above and Cu growing beyond the boundary layer. Profile 1 into the area was interrupted so as not to miss the growth of the cloud through the 0°C level. This, along with no overlying Ci, would ensure that any ice seen was due to the processes in this cloud. The first run was at



Figure 2 Pileus above first cloud, Run 1.6

5,300 ft (+3°C) at 50.6 N, 8.3 W. It showed a more complicated structure on the far side of the Cu – a layer of As was adjacent and probably associated with the Cu. It took between 20 to 30 seconds to transit through the turret. Large drops were seen by the 2D on Run 1.3. Pileus cloud started to form above the cloud. A few minutes later, growth slowed.

2. Summary of the weather conditions

Complex situation with several fronts analysed lying NW to SE over British Isles. Depression on one of these fronts was situated over Brittany at 06Z and then tracked NE up the Channel. In behind the occlusion on this system, and ahead of the next occluding warm front, a clearance developed over the SE Irish coast (0930Z satellite image). The clearance was associated with slight ridging between the fronts. This clearance spread with the prevailing wind to cover the sea to the south of Ireland. A layer of high cloud, lying N-S, persisted over Lands End. In the clearance (where the measurements were taken) there was little or no upper cloud but abundant boundary layer Cu. Some Cu built up to an inversion at the freezing level, some progressing further. At 12Z, when the aircraft entered the area, some larger Cu had already proceeded beyond the inversion over the Irish coast. Over the sea, other Cu had reached the inversion and spread out as Sc.

Jonathan A. Smith, University of Leeds

3rd July 2005

Mission Scientist's De-brief

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Date :- 30th June 2005

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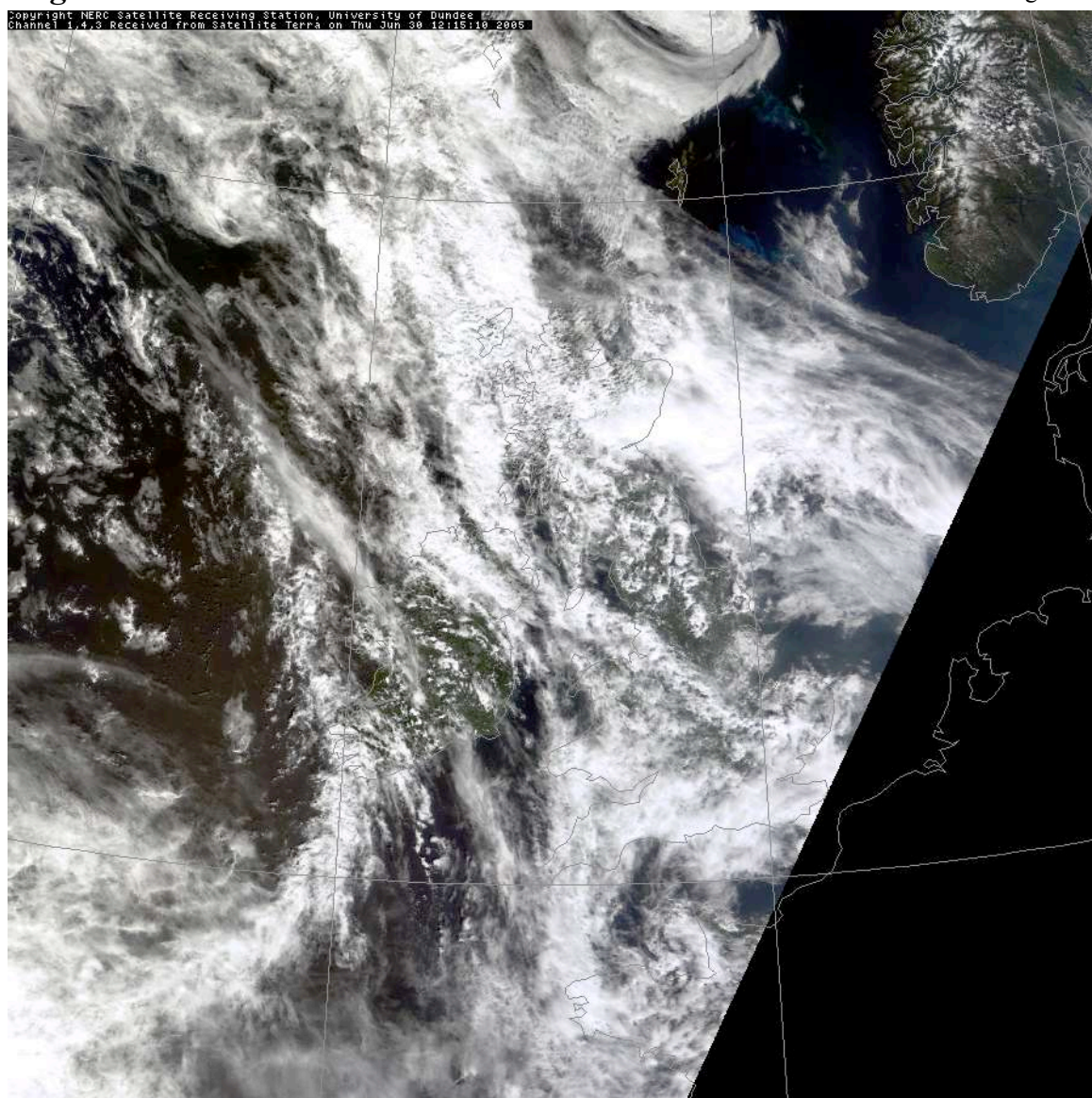


Figure 3 MODIS image from Dundee, "channel 38" simulated RGB, 1215Z

Mission Scientist's Log

Jonathan Smith

Flight No **B.106**.....

Date **30th June '03**.....

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GMT	Run / Profile	Height	Hdg	GPS Position	Remarks (clouds, weather, visibility, winds, sea state etc.)
10:49	t/o				8/8 Cu
10:50	climb out	1600ft			chose, visibility good
10:52	transit	5000ft			7/8 Cu 1/8 Ci - outside T ~ 11°C slight inst.
11:02	climb in-trail	5300	264	52.0/1.6W	cu - main top level, a few higher
		0°C at 725 hPa or approx. 9000 ft			→ this side (East) of system
11:25:06	transit	FL180	250	51.5N/4.2W	now in cloud, before had 9/8 (2000) Ci. band
11:31	"	"			1/8 ^{above} Cs, 7/8 Sc, 1/8 As
11:42:15	P1 str		248		
11:44		16,000			-15
					-12 ~ 580 hPa
		13,500			-10
					-9 ~ 620 hPa
		11,800			-6
11:52		8,700			-3 2/8 As 2/8 Cu 2/8 Sc
		6700			0 670 hPa 775 say 6,500 as target
11:57	hold on Profile	5300ft	246		+3°C
11:59		good cloud ahead			- into Irish air space
		ship 13 apart A port 1			
12:07					into cloud, but bumpy & a bit low
		some As on other side in			As ahead + done behind
12:18	drop 200 ft				13:15 30
					"

12:19:30 → hole in middle 17:59 - into 18:35

Mission Scientist's Log

Flight No **B.106**

Date **30th June '03**

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GMT	Run / Profile	Height	Hdg	GPS Position	Remarks (clouds, weather, visibility, winds, sea state etc.)
					2D - large drops on run
13:20					SID 50% is non-spherical
	R1-h				FO-8°C
					in ".h" → ".15" out ~ 30s
	As layer still around the				cu
	near top				~ 5s more T-1.5°C
		8100			T-1.6h next
	v.				As above start of run
	looks like two turns in there				
	fine through it is				
12:42:21					Last run → nearer top than before
					∅ will now repeat at same altitude
12:43:14		8800			cloud to rear has built up
	large area has stopped				"08" into cloud & out
13:02 →	new cloud				popped thro' inversion layer
	(one to South)				
13:024	'39' into				'02' out 24s
13:08	bit high ∅ drop down				(some cloud before start)
	T = -2.				'29s" into cloud 58" out 30s
13:13	same turn now				
13:14:50 →	25s				through the cloud
	different turn - slightly bigger than others				
13:19:14	into turn				18s through it picture
	of new turn on nose & old one on				

part now 2D 3mm drops seen

ETA
cranfield
16:20 local

Mission Scientist's Log

Flight No **B.106**.....

Date **30th June '05**.....

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GMT	Run / Profile	Height	Hdg	GPS Position	Remarks (clouds, weather, visibility, winds, sea state etc.)
13:28					up still (keep going) hwy
				175	through cloud
13:33		1000			too high ~
					tops die down ch nothing re-appears - have to
					come down on altitude
					didn't stop for small immersion or did spready
14:03 or so					picture of similar clouds, but not the same
					as we worked, they are behind us.
					edge of boundary layer cu - picture taken earlier 14:20
					of what happened - small cu grows either meets
					or spreads out as Sc
14:22:13					sea state at best 1/10 white water
14:25:29		small boat	B		
14:30:18		small boat	again		2/8 Cu above, running below base
					hazy, 1/8 As, 3/8 Ci above
14:33					more Ci 3/8 now at this end of
14:35	A4	1500	59	51.0N/54W	the run
					definite change at end of run
15:02:06	transit return				picture of screen for timecheck
					(in cloud)

FLIGHT NUMBER:	B106	DATE:	30 Jun 2005	OPERATOR:	Pre flight: Doug Anderson Post flight: Doug Anderson	Page 1 of 1
PROJECT: ICEPIC						

CORE CHEMISTRY PRE FLIGHT LOG

PRE POWER UP	
All sample lines are connected to the rack	Y
All cylinders pressures are OK	Y
Ozone Span = 504, Offset = 50	Y

GAS PRESSURES	N ₂ (bar)	CO ₂ / Argon (bar)	CO standard (bar)
PRE FLIGHT	65	108	110
POST FLIGHT	57	104	110

POST POWER UP - GROUND				
Ozone Sample Flow 1 (LPM)	Ozone Sample Flow 2 (LPM)	NO _x Sample Flow (LPM)	NO _x Ozoneator Flow (LPM)	SO ₂ Sample Flow (LPM)
0.3	0.35	1.109	0.069	0.000 initially 0.466 after reboot
CO Time check against HORACE	CO Lamp Flow (ml/min)	Pressure Monochromator (bar)	Pressure Cell (Torr)	
Synced @ 09:01:37	33.79	1.18	7.11	

ZEROS							Average
Ozone (ppbV)	-1 (sample A)	-1 (sample B)	-1 (sample B)	0 (sample B)	0 (sample A)	-1 (sample A)	
NO (ppbV)	0.5	0.52	0.55	0.62	0.61	0.59	0.565
NO₂ (ppbV)	0.35	0.38	0.29	0.20	0.20	0.32	0.29
NO_x (ppbV)	0.85	0.9	0.84	0.82	0.81	0.91	0.855
SO₂ (ppbV)	-3.90	-4.28	-3.44	-3.24	-3.13	-3.22	-3.535

PRE FLIGHT COMMENTS

O₃ clicking sound from instrument as sample changes from B to A. Not noticed this before. Dull, soft thud as switched from A to B..

SO₂ flow was zero initially. Rebooted @ 08:05 after which it was OK (0.466)

SO₂ Lamp Intensity was low (varying between 12500Hz & 16000Hz. Min is set to 16000Hz.

SO₂ Lamp voltage was high (1362V @ 09:58). Intensity had increased by this point though still occasionally dipping low.

FLIGHT NUMBER:	B106	DATE:	30 Jun 2005	OPERATOR:	Pre flight: Doug Anderson Post flight: Doug Anderson	Page 2 of 2
PROJECT: ICEPIC						

CORE CHEMISTRY CALIBRATION AND FLOW LOG

PREVIOUS CO CAL	Date and Flight Level	Sensitivity (Hz/ppbV)	Bkgrd (ppbV)	Bkgrd Cnt R (Hz)
	29 Jun 2005 14:32:23 Ground (refuel stop @ Newcastle)	78.30	94.84	7425.53

Time	Flight Level	CO					
		Sensitivity (Hz/ppbV)	Bkgrd (ppbV)	Bkgrd Cnt R (Hz)	Lamp Temp (°C)	Cell Press (Torr)	
08:03:01 (1 st auto cal)	Ground (pre flight) (405-415)	64.79	89.19	5778.44	34.10	7.16	
		Flows (LPM unless stated)					
		CO Lamp Gas (ml/min)	Ozone Sample 1	Ozone Sample 2	NO _x Sample	NO _x Ozonator	SO2 Sample
		34.04	0.3	0.35	1.109	0.069	-
Time	Flight Level	CO					
		Sensitivity (Hz/ppbV)	Bkgrd (ppbV)	Bkgrd Cnt R (Hz)	Lamp Temp (°C)	Cell Press (Torr)	CO Lamp Gas (ml/min)
08:35:53	Ground (648-652)	78.76	92.86	7313.13	50	7.15	33.95
Time	Flight Level	CO					
		Sensitivity (Hz/ppbV)	Bkgrd (ppbV)	Bkgrd Cnt R (Hz)	Lamp Temp (°C)	Cell Press (Torr)	CO Lamp Gas (ml/min)
09:08:45	ground ()	77.31	95.41	7375.66	50	7.12	33.89
Time	Flight Level	CO					
		Sensitivity (Hz/ppbV)	Bkgrd (ppbV)	Bkgrd Cnt R (Hz)	Lamp Temp (°C)	Cell Press (Torr)	CO Lamp Gas (ml/min)
09:41:37	ground (499-506)	75.14	96.93	7283.51			
Time	Flight Level	CO					
		Sensitivity (Hz/ppbV)	Bkgrd (ppbV)	Bkgrd Cnt R (Hz)	Lamp Temp (°C)	Cell Press (Torr)	
Unmanned auto cals in flight.							
		Flows (LPM unless stated)					
		CO Lamp Gas (ml/min)	Ozone Sample 1	Ozone Sample 2	NO _x Sample	NO _x Ozonator	SO2 Sample
Time	Flight Level	CO					
		Sensitivity (Hz/ppbV)	Bkgrd (ppbV)	Bkgrd Cnt R (Hz)	Lamp Temp (°C)	Cell Press (Torr)	CO Lamp Gas (ml/min)
15:01:51	?? transit ()	81.14	91.02	7385.70			

CORE CHEMISTRY FLIGHT LOG

GENERAL COMMENTS

Nil

CLOUD PHYSICS LOG

Flight No. B106

Date: 30/06/05

Operator: JT

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G.M.T. DRS Time	PCASP		FSSP	SID1	2D2-C			2D2-P			Remarks
	Conc/cc	Mean R	Block Transfer	Particle Count	Conc/L	Max Size	Habit	Conc/m3	Max Size	Habit	
11:42:15	29	0.08	1	30	33	525	8	6025	800	8	Start P1 Descent @ FL180
11:43:28	30	0.09	1	3	0.5	200	8	91	200	8	170
11:44:31	39	0.12	1	30	2	100	10	8	200	10	160
11:45:37	50	0.08	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	150
11:46:49	45	0.08	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	140
11:47:51	50	0.08	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	130
11:48:58	80	0.09	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	120
11:49:58	110	0.1	1	0	0	0	0	00	0	0	110
11:51:01	322	0.12	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
11:52:07	114	0.09	1	10	1	750	8	425	800	8	90
11:53:07	118	0.09	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	80
11:54:06	171	0.09	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	70
11:55:03	159	0.08	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60
11:55:44	212	0.09	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	5300ft P1 interrupt
											P1 restart @ 5300ft
											Profile cancelled
12:	Run never	called	Low conc	approx	100 on 2dc	large	water	droplets			Start run 1 in cloud @ 5300ft
											End run 1
											FFSSP restarted - not respoonding
12:12:55	19	0.08	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 2 @7300ft
12:14:00	376	0.47	23	3000	431	450	1	5541	400	1	In cloud
12:14:51	29	0.09	88	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	End of run 2
12:18:24	38	0.09	88	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 3 @ 7800ft
12:19:00	185	0.28	95	3000	300	400	1	2999	3000	1	In cloud
12:19:52	35	0.09	145	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	End run 3
12:23:04	38	0.09	145	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 4 @ 8100ft
12:23:50	32	0.3	147	3000	277	250	1	441	200	1	In cloud
12:24:30	16	0.09	174	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	End run 4

CLOUD PHYSICS LOG

Flight No. B106

Date: 30/06/05

Operator: JT

Page 2 of 2

G.M.T. DRS Time	PCASP		FSSP	SID1	2D2-C			2D2-P			Remarks
	Conc/cc	Mean R	Block Transfer	Particle Count	Conc/L	Max Size	Habit	Conc/m3	Max Size	Habit	
12:27:38	28	0.09	174	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 5 @ 8300ft
12:29:05	1000	0.5	192	3000	500	200	1	No	Time		In cloud
12:29:20	14	0.1	193	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	end run 5
12:33:21	12	0.09	197	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 6 @ 8500ft
12:34:40	45	0.1	198	100	4.5	75	1	33	0	0	In cloud
12:35:19	15	0.09	199	0	0	0	0	0	0		End run 6
12:38:31	9	0.08	199	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 7 @ 8800ft
12:39:20	17	0.6	203	3000	0	0	0	41.6	N/a	N/a	In cloud
12:40:16	9	0.08	216	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	End run 7
12:43:13	6	0.09	216	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 8 @ 8800ft
12:44:10	11	0.57	220	3000	0	0	0	208	N/a	N/a	In cloud
12:45:20	5	0.08	226	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	End run 8
13:04:10	8	0.07	232	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 9 @ 8900ft
13:04:43	500	0.6	252	3000	288	650	1	1842	800	1	In Cloud
13:05:21	16	0.09	300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	End run 9
13:08:50	21	0.2	305	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 10 @ 8900ft
13:09:34	1366	0.75	321	3000	411	225	1	1175	200	1	In Cloud
13:10:17	14	0.09	366	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	End Run 10
13:13:21	4	0.07	366	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 11 @ 9200ft
13:14:19	52	0.4	376	3000	400	225	1	2616	600	1	In Cloud
13:15:20	13	0.08	430	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	End Run 11
13:17:56	7	0.08	430	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 12 @ 9700ft
13:19:07	723	0.6	455	3000	378	800	1	3291	3000	1	In Cloud
13:19:39	11	0.07	496	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	End run 12

CLOUD PHYSICS LOG

Flight No. B106

Date: 30/06/05

Operator: JT

Page 3 of 3

G.M.T. DRS Time	PCASP		FSSP	SID1	2D2-C			2D2-P			Remarks
	Conc/cc	Mean R	Block Transfer	Particle Count	Conc/L	Max Size	Habit	Conc/m3	Max Size	Habit	
13:23:04	10	0.07	496	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 13 @ 9700ft
13:24:05	500	0.7	515	3000	500	200	1	1000	400	1	In Cloud
13:24:15	5	0.09	525	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	End Run 13
13:27:38	13	0.08	525	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 14 @ 9700ft
13:28:35	500	0.7	544	3000	300	275	1	1000	200	1	In Cloud
13:29:12	12	0.08	567	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	End run 14
13:32:50	10	0.08	567	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 15 @ 10000ft
13:34:39	500	0.2	Missed	Turret							End run
13:37:42	10	0.08	569	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 16 @ 1000ft
13:38:24	1000	0.7	593	3000	240	800	1	240	1200	1	In Cloud
13:38:08	4	0.07	593	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	End run 16
13:42:40	20	0.07	593	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 17 @ 10200ft
13:43:50	400	0.7	613	3000	1200	150	1	800	missed	1	In Cloud
13:44:19	7	0.08	613	0	0	0	0	0	0		End run
13:47:02	9	0.08	613	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Start run 18 @ 9700ft
	Missed	Turret									In Cloud
13:48:58											End run 18
13:55:20	13	0.08	613	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	P2 @ FL110
13:56:17	7	0.08	613	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
13:57:34	5	0.08	613	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90 P2interrupted
13:59:34	3	0.07	613	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90 P2 restarted
14:00:35	15	0.09	613	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	80
14:01:31	43	0.09	613	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	70
14:02:31	185	0.1	613	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	60
14:03:49	225	0.1	613	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	50
14:05:19	176	0.1	613	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	4400ft P2 interrupted

CLOUD PHYSICS LOG

Flight No. B106

Date: 30/06/05

Operator: JT

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[illegible]

AMS PreFlight Setup/Cal Sheet v2.00

DATE: 30/6/05

FLIGHT:

OPERATOR: H Cox

Time:	Action:	Location:	Yes/No:	Notes	Comments:
Power ON	Ensure Inlet Closed	Inlet Valve	✓		ARRIVED 05:56
	Ensure Multiplier Off	Electronics box	✓		
	Ensure Heater Off	Electronics box	✓		
	Ensure all Pumps Off	Pump Control box	✓		
	Turn on 230V Breaker	Power unit on a/c wall	✓		
	Turn on: Electronics box power Diaphragm pump power Turbo pump power CPC Power, both Buttons	Power distribution box	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓		1.6A 4A
	Open backing pump valve	Front facing side of rack.	✓		
	Turn on Alcatel... 100% speed	Pump Control Box, after #6	✓		
	Turbo pumps 2 and 3 ON... 100%	Pump Control Box	✓	Monitor Pump Currents	2 0.37A
	Turbo pumps 4 and 5 ON... 100%	Pump Control Box	✓		3 0.44A
	Turbo pump 6 ON... 100%	Pump Control Box	✓		4 0.62A
	Plug in CPC fill bottle	Rear of CPC			5 0.46A
Pre-Brief	Turn on heater	Electronics box		Approx 2.8V, 0.9A	6 0.52A
	Turn on Balzers Box	Power distribution box and Balzers box	✓		0.23V 0.08A
	Turn on Copper	Electronics box	✓	Approx 125Hz	0.726 GM
	Turn on PC/Monitor	Power distribution box and PC	✓		
	Start AMS software	PC Desktop	✓		
	Turn autosaving off	Parameter menu, Averaging and saving tab	✓	NEGATIVE NUMBER	
	Reduce Multiplier voltage by 0.5kV	Parameter menu, Multiplier and chopper tab	✓		
	Set filament to 0.00mA, Scan range 0-300amu	Parameter menu, Mass Spectrometer tab	✓		
	Turn Multiplier on	Electronics box	✓		
	Turn filament on @0.05mA	MS mode, shift+B, click emission arrow	✓		

AMS PreFlight Setup/Cal Sheet v2.00

DATE: 30/6/05

FLIGHT: 106

OPERATOR: *H COE*

Time:	Action:	Location:	Yes/No:	Notes	Comments:
Post Brief	Increase Multiplier voltage by 0.5kV	Parameter menu, Multiplier and chopper tab	✓		INC TO 2.45
	Close Grimm valve	Inlet valve	N/A		
	CPC in low flow	Shift+total on CPC display	✓		
	Check RF box, Tune if needed	Turn Tune Screw on RF Box for best hit	✓		NEED TO TUNE 1 DAY
	Log CPC on AMS serial port 2	Parameter menu, Serial port tab	✓		
	Set mass range scan 0-300	Parameter menu, Mass Spectrometer tab	✓		
	Open AMS inlet	Inlet valve	✓		
	Increase filament to 2.5mA	MS mode, shift+B, click emission arrow	✓		
	Toggle chopper in MS mode	Press T within MS mode	✓		
	Check Airbeams and flows	Add m28 to m/z selection, Clean pin hole???	✓	F=1.9, AB approx 2.3MHz	F=1.926 48 274
	Tune Balzers	Software	✓	Ensure no major changes	
	Electron Multiplier Cal	Software, select suitable point manually	✓	Gain approx 3e6	As before 3-C
	Get tof masses for IE cal	Software, mz selection, left click on row	✓	15,16,17,30,46*	
	Set thresholds In tof mode	Left click "SP thresholds" in left border	✓	wait	
	Mass Range Cal	MS mode, Click Mass Calibration	✓		
	Add m28 to tof list	Software, mz selection, left click on row	✓		
	Run in MS-TOF alteration	Software	✓	Check tof windows	
	IE cal after 200 particles	Shift+M while sampling, Calibrate, Save, Exit		SMPS s=4.1, a=0.41, 350nm	
	Remove CPC butanol from aircraft	Rear of CPC	✓		
	CPC in high flow	Shift+total on CPC display	✓		
	Reconnect inlet and GRIMM	Inlet			
	Set CPC port=0 in AMS software	Parameter menu, Serial port tab	✓	LOG CPC IN LABVIEW	
	Set PC time with Horace	Desktop plus internet explorer	✓		
	Set mass range scan	Parameter menu, Mass Spectrometer tab	✓		
	Select tof masses to scan	Software, mz selection, left click on row	✓	14,16,30,43,44,46,48,57	
	Set thresholds In tof mode	Left click "SP thresholds" in left border	✓		
	Add m28 to tof list	Software, mz selection, left click on row	✓		
	Set DC marker 3 pos=6200	Parameter menu, Averaging and saving tab	✓		
	Backup parameter file	C:\AMS\AMSCODE\AMSMMenu.prm	✓		
	Set save interval	Parameter menu, Averaging and saving tab	✓	0.5 minutes????	
	Reconnect inlet, Close AMS valve	Inlet			
	Start CPC software	PC Desktop	✓		
	General Alteration mode, Open Inlet	Software, Start after t/o			

AMS PostFlight Setup/Cal Sheet v2.00

DATE:

FLIGHT:

OPERATOR:

Time:	Action:	Location:	Yes/No:	Notes	Comments:
Pre-land	Stop AMS, Grimm CPC logging	Software	✓		
	Close AMS inlet	Inlet	✓		
	Exit Labview		✓		
	Enable CPC in AMS software	Parameter Menu, Serial Ports tab	✓		
Post-land	Set CPC in Low Flow	Shift+totalizer on CPC display	✓		
	Open Inlet		✓		
	Turn off autosave (-ve number)	Parameter Menu, Averaging and saving tab	✓		
	Set mass range scan 0-300	Parameter menu, Mass Spectrometer tab	✓		
	Electron Multiplier Cal	Software, select suitable point manually	✓	Check gain at current V	2.45 10 V 2.37 $\times 10^6$ AW
	Get tof masses for IE cal	Software, m/z selection, left click on row	✓	15,16,17,30,46*	
	Set thresholds In tof mode	Left click "SP thresholds" in left border	✓	wait	
	Mass Range Cal	MS mode, Click Mass Calibration	✓		
	Add m28 to tof list	Software, m/z selection, left click on row	✓		
	Run in MS-TOF alteration	Software	✓	Check tof windows	
	IE cal after 200 particles	Shift+M while sampling, Calibrate, Save, Exit		SMPS s=4.1, a=0.41, 350nm	
	Attach Zero filter to inlet				
	Select tof masses to scan	Software, m/z selection, left click on row		14,16,30,43,44,46,48,57	
	Set thresholds In tof mode	Left click "SP thresholds" in left border			
	Add m28 to tof list	Software, m/z selection, left click on row			
	General alteration, 10 mins	Software, F3 to NonAutoSave		Check tof windows	
	Close inlet				
Data	Copy AutoSaveData folder	Source C:\AMS\AMSDData\AutoSaveDate			
		Dest C:\AMS\SAMSDData\Summer05\flight			
	Copy NonAutoSaveData folder	Source C:\AMS\AMSDData\NonAutoSaveDate			
		Dest C:\AMS\SAMSDData\Summer05\flight			
	Copy AMSLogFiles folder	Source C:\AMS\AMSDData\AMSLogFiles			
		Dest C:\AMS\SAMSDData\Summer05\flight			
	Copy CPC data	Source C:\UCPC\			
		Dest C:\AMS\SAMSDData\Summer05\flight			
	Backup directory to DVD/laptop				
	Delete AutoSaveData	Source C:\AMS\AMSDData\AutoSaveDate		FILES ONLY, NOT FOLDER	
ShutDown	Delete NonAutoSaveData	Source C:\AMS\AMSDData\AutoSaveDate		FILES ONLY, NOT FOLDER	
	Delete AMSLogFiles	Source C:\AMS\AMSDData\AutoSaveDate		FILES ONLY, NOT FOLDER	
	Delete CPC data	Source C:\AMS\AMSDData\AutoSaveDate		FILES ONLY, NOT FOLDER	
	Turn off Multiplier & Balzers	Electronics box			
	Turn off all Turbos and PC	Pump Controller Box			
	Shut Backing Valve	Back of rack			
	Turn off heater, chopper, the rest	Electronics box, then power unit and Breakers			

AMS PreFlight Setup/Cal Sheet v2.00

DATE:

FLIGHT:

OPERATOR:

Time:	Action:	Location:	Yes/No:	Notes	Comments:
Post Brief	Increase Multiplier voltage by 0.5kV	Parameter menu, Multiplier and chopper tab	✓		
	Close Grimm valve	Inlet valve	✓		
	CPC in low flow	Shift+total on CPC display	✓		
	Check RF box, Tune if needed	Turn Tune Screw on RF Box for best hit	✓		
	Log CPC on AMS serial port 2	Parameter menu, Serial port tab	✓		
	Set mass range scan 0-300	Parameter menu, Mass Spectrometer tab	✓		
	Open AMS inlet	Inlet valve	✓		
	Increase filament to 2.5mA	MS mode, shift+B, click emission arrow	✓		
	Toggle chopper in MS mode	Press T within MS mode	✓		
	Check Airbeams and flows	Add m28 to m/z selection, Clean pin hole???	✓	F=1.9,AB approx 2.3MHz	
	Tune Balzers	Software	✓	Ensure no major changes	
	Electron Multiplier Cal	Software, select suitable point manually	✓	Gain approx 3e6	
	Get tof masses for IE cal	Software,mz selection,left click on row	✓	15,16,17,30,46*	
	Set thresholds in tof mode	Left click "SP thresholds" in left border	✓	wait	
	Mass Range Cal	MS mode, Click Mass Calibration	✓		
	Add m28 to tof list	Software,mz selection,left click on row	✓		
	Run in MS-TOF alteration	Software	✓	Check tof windows	
	IE cal after 200 particles	Shift+M while sampling,Calibrate,Save,Exit	✓	SMPS s=4.1,a=0.41,350nm	
	Remove CPC butanol from aircraft	Rear of CPC	✓		
	CPC in high flow	Shift+total on CPC display	✓		
	Reconnect inlet and GRIMM	Inlet	✓		
	Set CPC port=0 in AMS software	Parameter menu, Serial port tab	✓	LOG CPC IN LABVIEW	
	Set PC time with Horace	Desktop plus internet explorer	✓		
	Set mass range scan	Parameter menu, Mass Spectrometer tab	✓		
	Select tof masses to scan	Software,mz selection,left click on row	✓	14,16,30,43,44,46,48,57	
	Set thresholds in tof mode	Left click "SP thresholds" in left border	✓		
	Add m28 to tof list	Software,mz selection,left click on row	✓		
	Set DC marker 3 pos=6200	Parameter menu, Averaging and saving tab	✓		
	Backup parameter file	C:\AMSIAMSCODE\AMSMENU.prm	✓		
	Set save interval	Parameter menu, Averaging and saving tab	✓	0.5 minutes????	
	Reconnect inlet, Close AMS valve	Inlet	✓		
	Start CPC software	PC Desktop	✓		
	General Alteration mode,Open Inlet	Software, Start after t/o	✓		

AMS PostFlight Setup/Cal Sheet v2.00

DATE:

FLIGHT:

OPERATOR:

Disagree

Time:	Action:	Location:	Yes/No:	Notes	Comments:
Pre-land 3	Stop AMS, Grimm CPC logging	Software	✓		
	Close AMS inlet	Inlet	✓		
	Exit Labview		✓		
	Enable CPC in AMS software	Parameter Menu, Serial Ports tab	✓		
Post-land <i>discarded</i> Sample line	Set CPC in Low Flow	Shift+totalizer on CPC display	✓		
	Open Inlet		✓		
	Turn off autosave (-ve number)	Parameter Menu, Averaging and saving tab	✓		
	Set mass range scan 0-300	Parameter menu, Mass Spectrometer tab	✓		
	Electron Multiplier Cal	Software, select suitable point manually	✓	Check gain at current V	
	Get tof masses for IE cal	Software, mz selection, left click on row	✓	15,16,17,30,46*	
	Set thresholds in tof mode	Left click "SP thresholds" in left border	✓	wait	
	Mass Range Cal	MS mode, Click Mass Calibration	✓		
	Add m28 to tof list	Software, mz selection, left click on row	✓		
	Run in MS-TOF alteration	Software	✓	Check tof windows	
	IE cal after 200 particles	Shift+M while sampling, Calibrate, Save, Exit	✓	SMPS s=4.1, a=0.41, 350nm	
	Attach Zero filter to inlet		✓		
	Select tof masses to scan	Software, mz selection, left click on row	✓	14,16,30,43,44,46,48,57	
	Set thresholds in tof mode	Left click "SP thresholds" in left border	✗		
	Add m28 to tof list	Software, mz selection, left click on row	✓		
	General alteration, 10 mins	Software, F3 to NonAutoSave	✓	Check tof windows	
	Close inlet				
Data	Copy AutoSaveData folder	Source C:\AMS\AMSDData\AutoSaveDate			
		Dest C:\AMS\AMSDData\Summer05\flight			
	Copy NonAutoSaveData folder	Source C:\AMS\AMSDData\NonAutoSaveDate			
		Dest C:\AMS\AMSDData\Summer05\flight			
	Copy AMSLogFiles folder	Source C:\AMS\AMSDData\AMSLogFiles			
		Dest C:\AMS\AMSDData\Summer05\flight			
	Copy CPC data	Source C:\UCPC\			
		Dest C:\AMS\AMSDData\Summer05\flight			
	Backup directory to DVD/laptop				
	Delete AutoSaveData	Source C:\AMS\AMSDData\AutoSaveDate		FILES ONLY, NOT FOLDER	
ShutDown	Delete NonAutoSaveData	Source C:\AMS\AMSDData\AutoSaveDate		FILES ONLY, NOT FOLDER	
	Delete AMSLogFiles	Source C:\AMS\AMSDData\AutoSaveDate		FILES ONLY, NOT FOLDER	
	Delete CPC data	Source C:\AMS\AMSDData\AutoSaveDate		FILES ONLY, NOT FOLDER	
	Turn off Multplier & Balzers	Electronics box			
	Turn off all Turbos	Pump Controller Box			
	Shut Backing Valve	Back of rack			
	Turn off heater, chopper, the rest	Electronics box, then power unit and Breakers			

AMS Diagnostic Log Sheet v2.00

DATE:

FLIGHT:

OPERATOR:

Time 1048

Pump #	I(A)	I (typical)	Speed (%)	Speed typical
1/Alcatel	0.86	0.86	98	98
2	3.5	3.5	100	100
3	1	1	100	100
4	0.5	0.5	100	100
5	0.4	0.4	100	100
6	0.46	0.46	100	100

	New	Typical
Heater V		2.5
Heater I		0.9
Heater T		580
Heater B		75V
Multiplier		n/a
Pressure		2 Torr

	New	Typical
I electronics		1
I turbo		7
I diaphragm		2
MS AB		2.2M
TOF AB		2M
Flow		2

Time

Pump #	I(A)	I (typical)	Speed (%)	Speed typical
1/Alcatel		0.86		98
2		3.5		100
3		1		100
4		0.5		100
5		0.4		100
6		0.46		100

	New	Typical
Heater V		2.5
Heater I		0.9
Heater T		580
Heater B		75V
Multiplier		n/a
Pressure		2 Torr

	New	Typical
I electronics		1
I turbo		7
I diaphragm		2
MS AB		2.2M
TOF AB		2M
Flow		2

Time

Pump #	I(A)	I (typical)	Speed (%)	Speed typical
1/Alcatel		0.86		98
2		3.5		100
3		1		100
4		0.5		100
5		0.4		100
6		0.46		100

	New	Typical
Heater V		2.5
Heater I		0.9
Heater T		580
Heater B		75V
Multiplier		n/a
Pressure		2 Torr

	New	Typical
I electronics		1
I turbo		7
I diaphragm		2
MS AB		2.2M
TOF AB		2M
Flow		2

Time

Pump #	I(A)	I (typical)	Speed (%)	Speed typical
1/Alcatel		0.86		98
2		3.5		100
3		1		100
4		0.5		100
5		0.4		100
6		0.46		100

	New	Typical
Heater V		2.5
Heater I		0.9
Heater T		580
Heater B		75V
Multiplier		n/a
Pressure		2 Torr

	New	Typical
I electronics		1
I turbo		7
I diaphragm		2
MS AB		2.2M
TOF AB		2M
Flow		2

10/6/05 THURS 30th

05:55 UT POWER ON

06:10 UT. AM ON

Things OK.

FM Cal 2.45 HV
3.06 eV

F₁₂

DAA had detecting particles

SP Thresholds not set correctly, no data being reg.
Finally, no time to do IE on new. oh well.

10:58 UT

1st/2nd current 11:00Z.

11:11Z Switched to CH1

Sampled 100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ of butanol

Starts discharging CPC and keeps sampling.

Time left for 100 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ to elapse in 15s.

Good response time.

Setting down ~~the~~ but will take some time to clear

0.4 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ @ 11:17Z.

11:26Z 200 particles/cm³ at 3025 in
almost white BUT maybe
it's butanol nucleation!

11:30Z Shut out off as in cloud & getting
between 1/2 test in CH1

11:33Z Looks like some pick up in
MS - so many oscillations in MS
Noise gone - intermittent

11:45Z Switched back to 1200 current
in Inter Open.

11:46Z Concerned about pit-p.
profiling down

11:51Z Just reached
circuit along JMS
now in General Alternation Mode.

12:00Z E2 inlet valve out

12:10Z Back in Resonant.

12:255Z Sink down 12 70000 ft.

12:13:30 AMS outlet valve off.

①

12:16Z Back in Resonant.

12:18Z Back to E2 valve closed

12:20Z Resonant.

12:23:20Z Closed

12:24:46Z Resonant

12:28:48Z Closed

12:29:46Z Resonant

12:31:2 Closed

12:35:19Z Resonant

12:35 - 12:40Z Closed

Back in Resonant

12:55Z Oxygen flow down to 2 x 50% lower

13:02Z ~ 450 pulses/sec

1632 inlet closed, landed.

1646 Doing filter run.

1831 local filter done

Flight Manager's Instrument Status Log

Flight No. **B106**

Date: 30/06/05

Instrument	Fitted	Operated	Instrument	Fitted	Operated
<u>Navigation</u>			<u>Cloud Physics</u>		
INU		Y	Probes		
GPS		Y	FFSSP	Y	Y
Satcom C		Y	PCASP	Y	Y
Satcom H		Y	2D-P	Y	Y
<u>Thermometers</u>			2D-C	Y	Y
De-Iced Temp		Y	Cloudscope	N	N
Non De-Iced		Y	SID 1	Y	Y
Heimann	N		SID 2	N	
<u>Hygrometers</u>					
G. Eastern		Y	HVPS	N	
J. Williams		Y	CIP25	Y	N
Nevzorov		Y	CIP100	Y	N
TWC		Y			
FWVS	Y	N	Racks:		
<u>Radiometers</u>			INC	Y	N
Upper Clear	Y	Y	CCN / CNC	Y	Y
“ Red	Y	Y	CVI	Y	Y
“ Silicon	Y	Y			
“ JO1D	Y	Y	<u>Aerosol</u>		
Lower Clear	Y	Y	PSAP	Y	N
“ Red	Y	Y	Nephelometer	N	
“ Silicon	Y	Y	Filters	Y	N
“ JO1D	N		AMS	Y	Y
<u>Large</u>					
<u>Radiometers</u>					
TAFTS	N				
MARSS	N				
DEIMOS	N		<u>Others:</u>		
ARIES	N		NIR TDLAS	Y	N
SWS	N		2BT O3	Y	N
<u>Chemistry</u>			VACC	Y	N
Ozone	Y	Y	PEROXIDE	Y	N
ECGC	N		Formaldehyde	Y	N
NOX	Y	Y	ADA	Y	Y
CO	Y	Y	CPI	Y	Y
ORAC	Y	N	NOxy	Y	N
PAN	Y	N	PTRMS	Y	N
PERCA	N	N	Bag Sampling	Y	N
WAS	Y	N			

Faults / Incidents Log

Flight No. B106

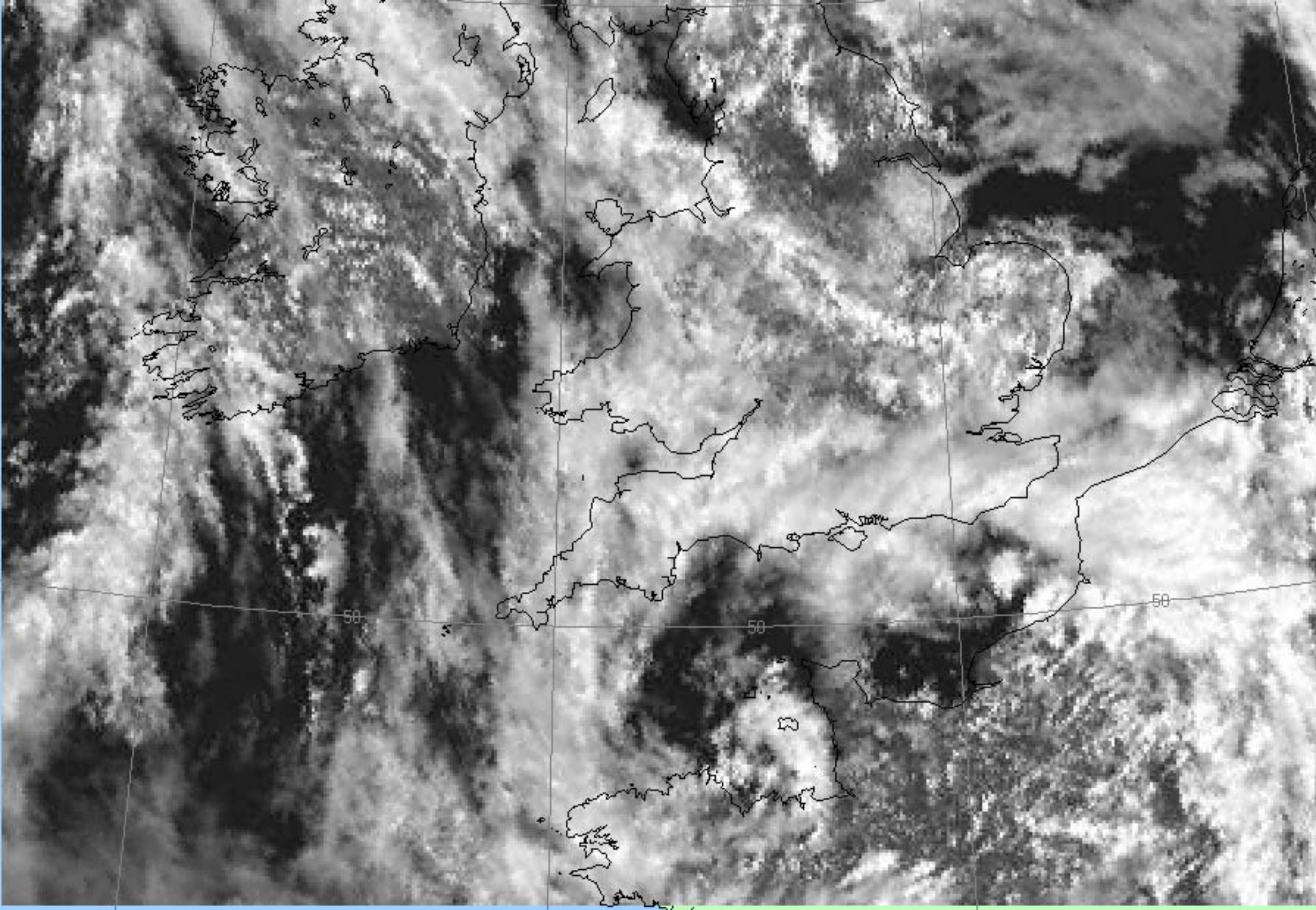
Date: 30/06/05

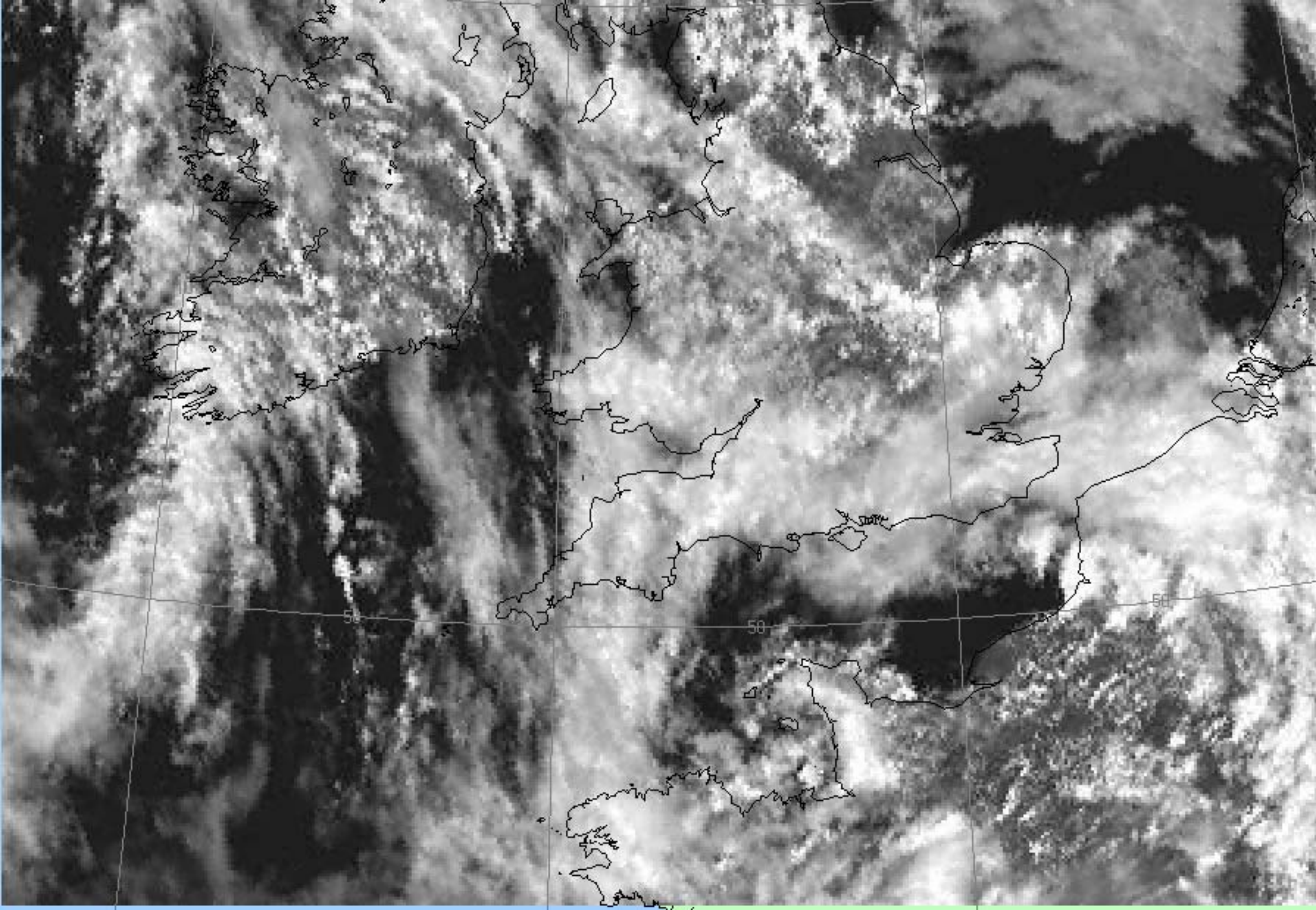
Instruments

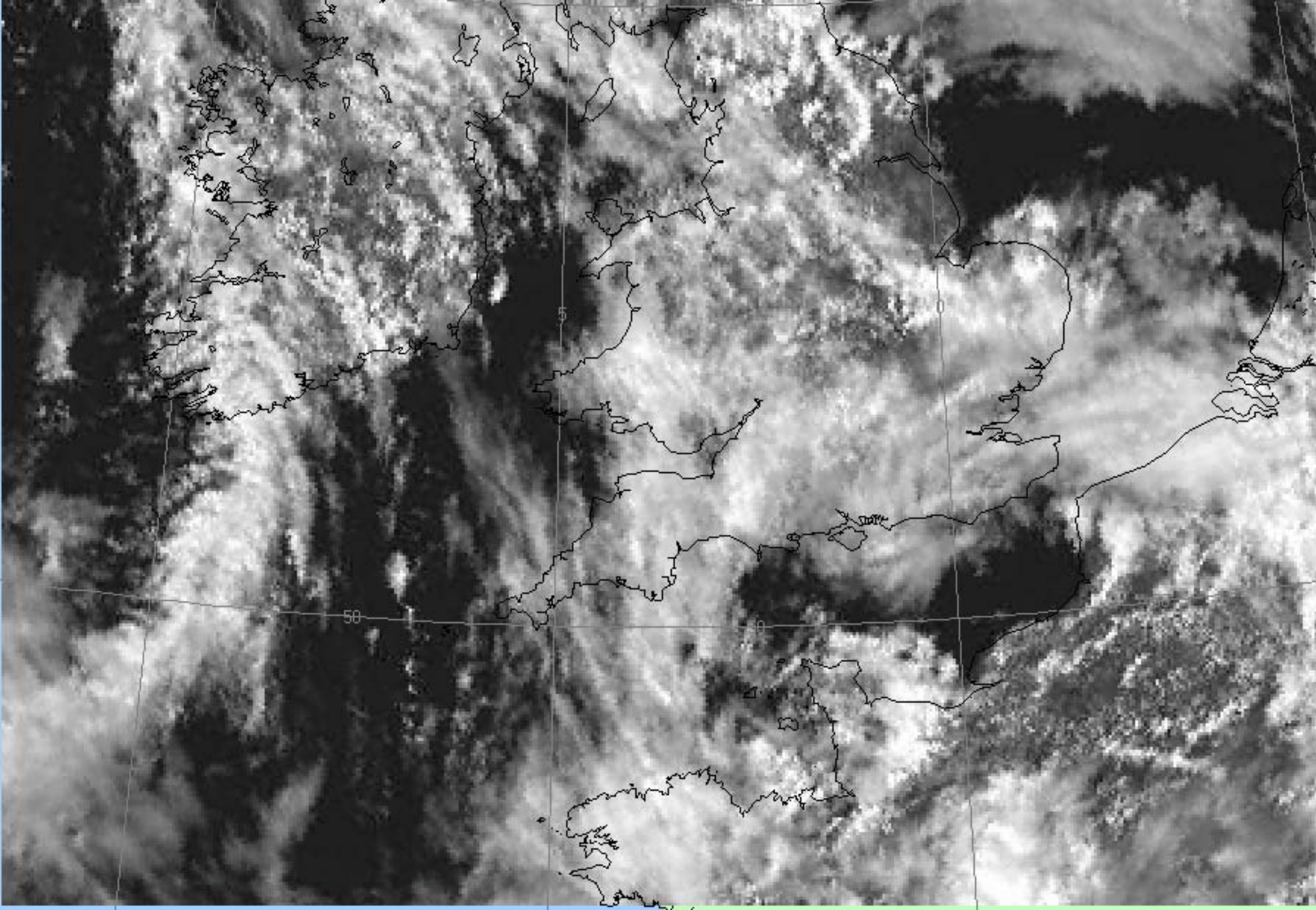
1. Video – DFC display out of focus. Inboard display switches off . Also, RFC (marked DFC...) is virtually black on pc monitor, whereas it displays well on video monitor unit.
2. CVI – butanol in exhaust pipe
3. CVI – AMS after 7000ft flow stopped and started sucking butanol into plenum from 3010, meaning AMS being contaminated with butanol.

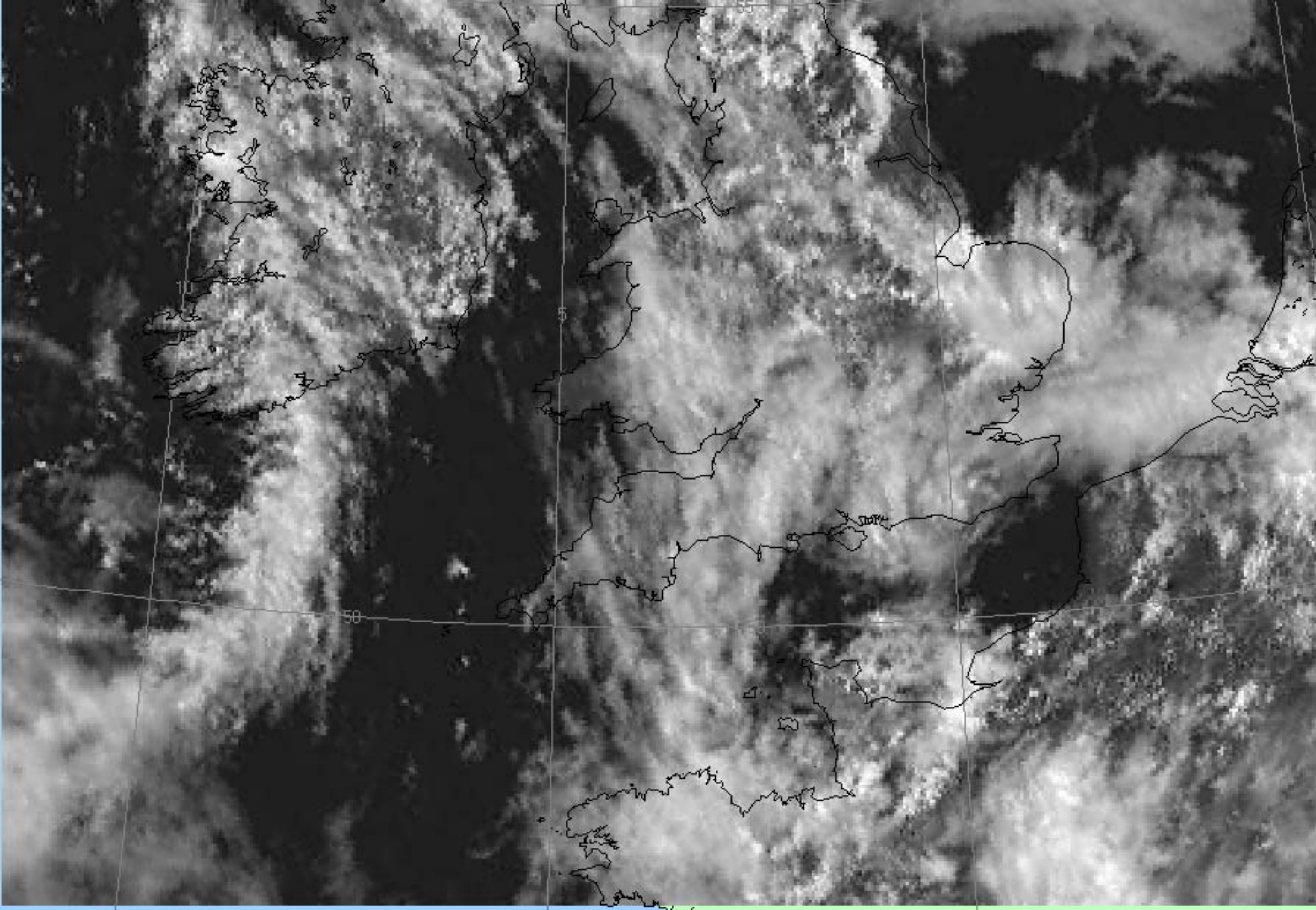
Aircraft

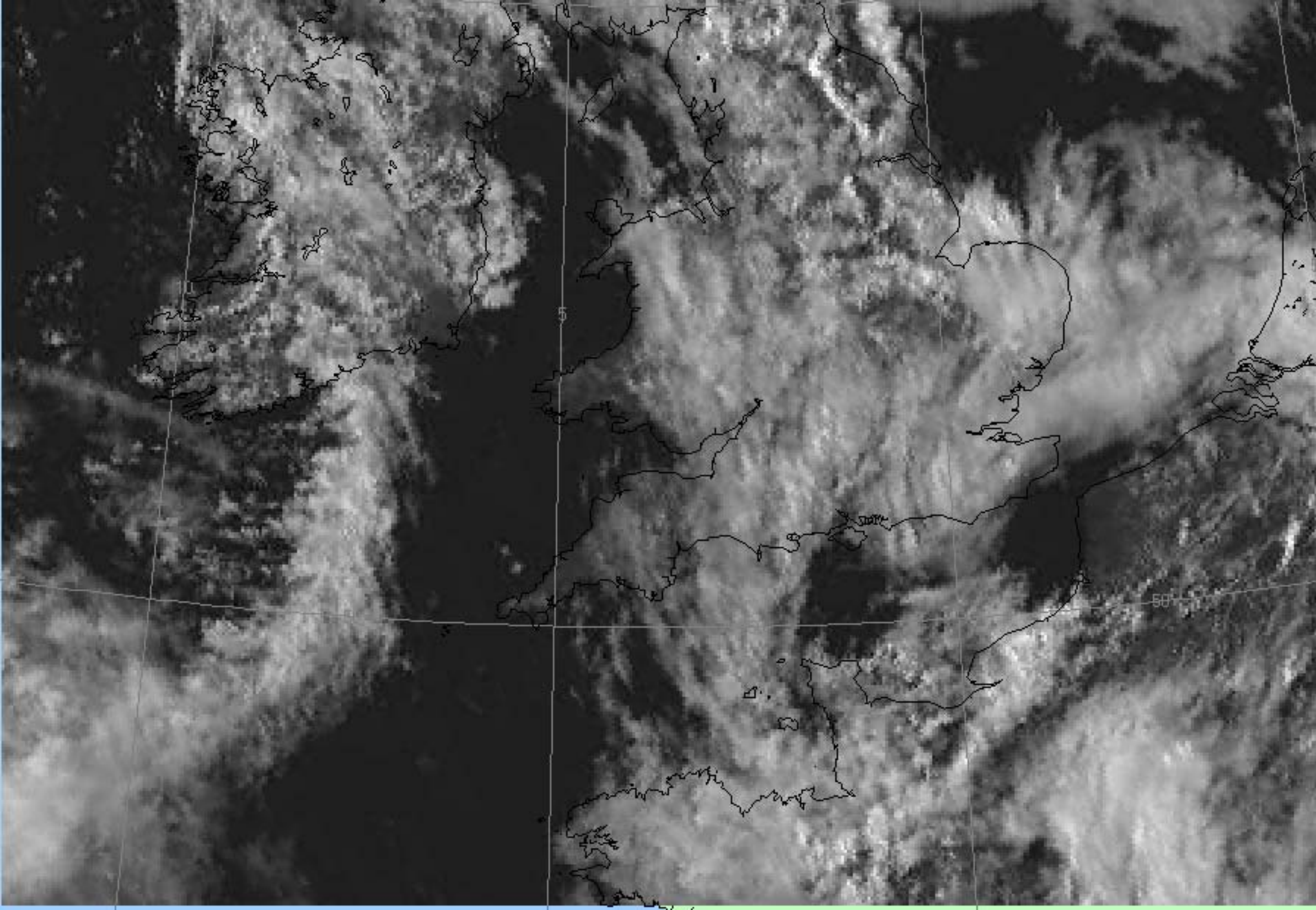
Satcom H:-











MISSING LOG SHEETS:

The following logs are not available for flight B106:

[illegible]